# **Guidance Note: Financial Obligations**

References

Chapter 2, SIM VSE Business Rules

Part 7.8, Corporations Act

#### Introduction

This guidance note has been issued to assist Exchange brokers comply with their financial obligations under the SIM VSE Business Rules.

#### **Regulatory Objectives**

The key objective of the financial obligations for Exchange brokers is to build on the key operative provisions contained in the Corporations Act to create an appropriate financial operating environment for Exchange brokers and their clients.

Therefore, many of the financial obligations of Exchange brokers in the SIM VSE Business Rules supplement their obligations under the Corporations Act.

#### **Primary Obligations of Exchange Brokers**

Chapter 2 of the SIM VSE Business Rules sets out the key financial obligations of Exchange brokers. These provisions should be read closely with the capital liquidity requirements in Chapter 3 of the SIM VSE Business Rules.

The primary obligations of Exchange brokers under Chapter 2 are to:

- maintain a trust account under clearly defined principles;
- maintain their books of account generally;
- comply with a specified audit regime; and
- maintain, and in some cases provide to the Exchange, a set of reports.

#### **Trust Account**

The majority of provisions dealing with the administration of trust accounts by holders of a securities dealer's license are contained in Part 7.8 of the Corporations Act.

These provisions are supplemented by SIM VSE Business Rule 2.4 that requires after-hours deposits to be made the following business day.

SIM VSE Business Rule 2.20 requires a reconciled balance between an Exchange broker's trust account records and those of its banker to be performed on a weekly basis.

In addition, SIM VSE Business Rule 2.22 requires a detailed reconciliation to client by client records each quarter.

In practice, the Exchange expects Exchange brokers to operate sufficiently advanced systems to maintain a running ledger of client balances capable of being reconciled to the banking records of the Exchange broker. This system is necessary to meet the ongoing reporting provisions contained in Part 7.8 of the Corporations Act.



## **Trial Balances and Annual Accounts**

The Exchange envisages Exchange brokers adopting modern accounting regimes in their offices and, as a minimum, expects Exchange brokers to be able to perform a trial balance on a monthly basis and to provide to the Exchange within two months following year end a set of audited accounts that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Exchange broker's business.

## **Audit Arrangements**

The Exchange expects Exchange brokers to submit to an audit regime coupled with a notification requirement so that the Exchange will at all times know the auditor an Exchange broker has appointed.

Exchange brokers should note that the Corporations Act contains provisions regarding notification to the Exchange, the auditor and to ASIC. These are not restated in the SIM VSE Business Rules.

The Exchange will accept an audit report in identical format to that required by ASIC in the lodgement by the Exchange broker of accounts for each year.

## **Returns to the Exchange**

In addition to the reports previously mentioned, and any obligations under the Corporations Act, the Exchange requires a number of additional reports.

Exchange brokers are required to include in their annual accounts a schedule of investments as at the end of the year. The information required is set out in Annexure 2A which must be completed and returned to the Exchange. This schedule details each asset type, the quantity held, its valuation amount and basis, its acquisition date and any other information that the Exchange broker believes would lead to a fair assessment of its value (e.g. any encumbrances).

Exchange brokers that engage in underwriting must maintain a register in relation to each underwriting agreement. SIM VSE Business Rule 2.23 details the material to be included in the register.

SIM VSE Business Rules 2.24 and 2.25 require Exchange brokers to notify the Exchange when certain events occur in relation to an underwriting. To the extent that SIM VSE Business Rule 2.25 allows the Exchange discretion in notification of any underwriting agreement, the Exchange requires notification of any agreement that relates to a security either currently listed or proposed to be listed on the Exchange.

### Scope of Guidance Note

This guidance note is intended to assist Exchange brokers to comply with their obligations under the SIM VSE Business Rules. It is not exhaustive, does not in any way act as a substitute for any SIM VSE Business Rule and is not binding on the Exchange in its application of the Rules in any particular case.

This guidance note does not constitute legal advice by the Exchange. Where appropriate, Exchange brokers should obtain their own professional advice about compliance with their obligations under the SIM VSE Business Rules.

### Queries

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